

Mop-Up is probably the dirtiest part of wildfire-fighting. It involves extinguishing or removing burning material near control lines (the perimeter of the fire), felling snags (dead trees), and trenching logs to prevent rolling after an area has burned, to make a fire safe, or to reduce residual smoke.

In remote areas, mop-up is done within just several hundred feet of the fire line.

In residential areas, mop-up is done 100%.

